

Does Size Matter? Agronomic Management of New Short-Stature Corn Hybrids

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Corn Agronomy

1/3/24

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So Why Short-Stature Hybrids?

- Lodging Resistance
- Higher Population Tolerance
- Higher Narrow Row Tolerance
- Easier In-Season Access
 - Nitrogen
 - Fungicide



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How do these hybrids compare?



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How do these hybrids compare?



Hybrid Type	Plant Height	Ear Height	Stover Dry Matter
	---- in ----	---- in ----	---- lbs/ac ----
Short	67.7 b	22.5 b	7350 a
Tall	86.2 a	37.5 a	7220 a



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What questions do we have?

- How do short-stature hybrids yield in comparison to full-stature hybrids?
- Do optimum seeding and nitrogen rates differ with short-stature hybrids in comparison to full-stature hybrids?
- How do short-stature hybrids perform in narrow (20-in) rows?
- How do short-stature hybrids respond to foliar fungicide?



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Short-stature and Full-stature Corn Hybrid Response to Nitrogen Rate and Plant Population



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Research Trial Details

- Purdue University Agronomy Center for Research and Education (ACRE). West Lafayette, IN.
- 48 total treatments, 4 replications
- 2 Tall and 2 Short-Stature Hybrids
- Seeding Rates – 32, 38, and 44K
- Nitrogen Rates – 160, 200, 240, and 280 lbs N/ac

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Full-Stature vs. Short-Stature (All Treatments)

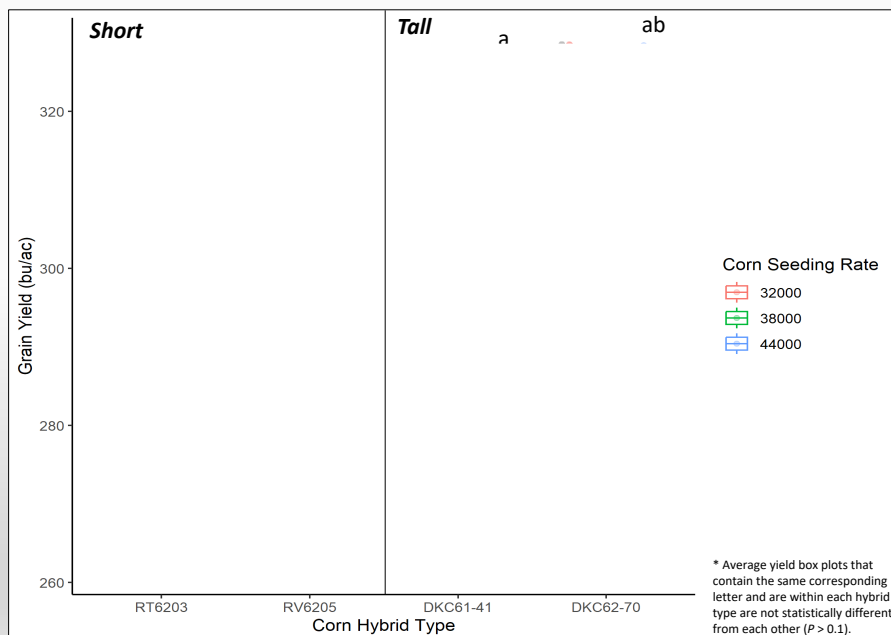
Hybrid (Type)	Grain Yield	Plant Stand
	---- bu/ac ----	---- plants/ac ----
RT6203TVX2 (Short)	288.3 d*	35982 bc
RV6205TVX4 (Short)	280.1 c	35585 c
DKC61-41RIB (Tall)	301.6 b	36246 b
DKC62-70RIB (Tall)	308.3 a	37387 a

* Average corn grain yield and stand values that contain the same corresponding letter and are within the same column are not statistically different from each other ($P > 0.1$).



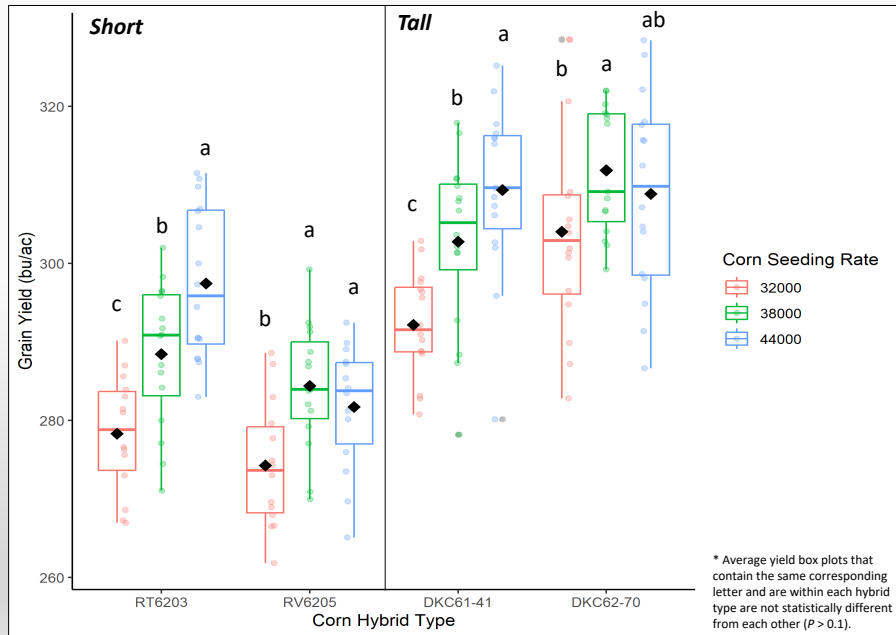
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Interaction between hybrid type and seed rate



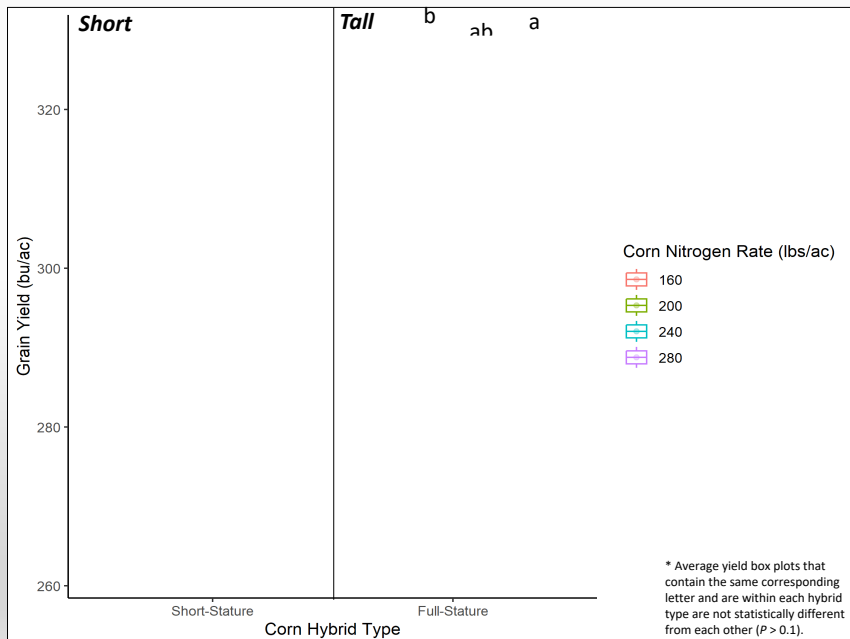
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Interaction between hybrid type and seed rate



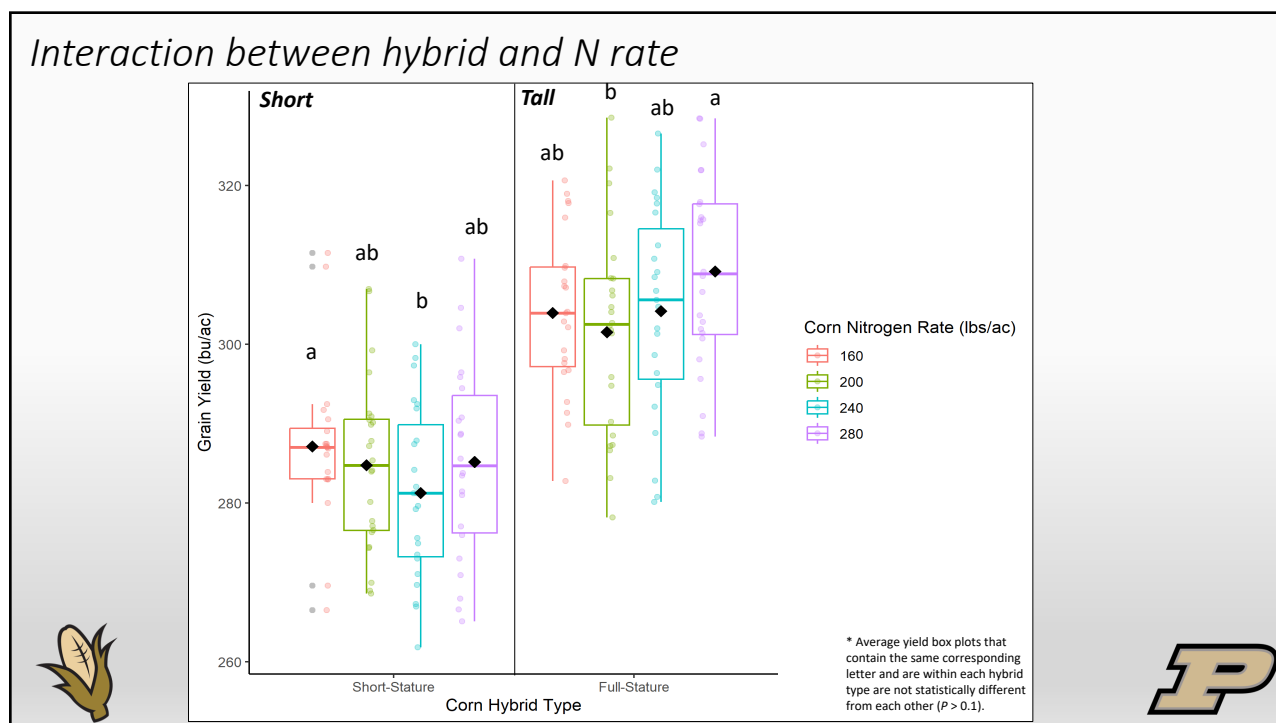
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Interaction between hybrid and N rate



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Interaction between hybrid and N rate



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Preliminary Conclusions (Hybrid x Nitrogen x Seed Rate)

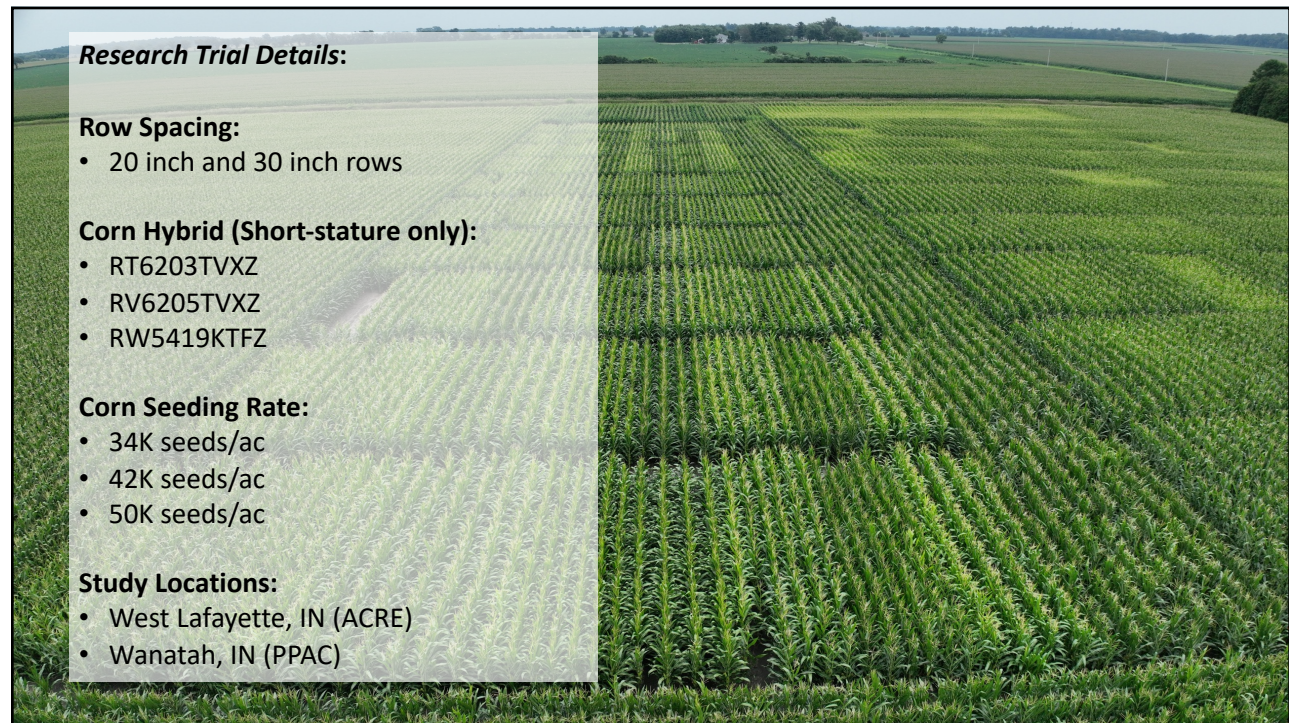
- Across all examined treatments (populations and N rates), full-stature hybrids yielded higher than short-stature hybrids by **10 - 20 bushels/ac**
 - Poorer final stands, lower ear heights = harvest challenges
 - ***Can we manage our way to comparable yields?***
- Preliminary research results observed interactions between hybrid type and optimum seeding rate, but not nitrogen rate
 - Hybrid specific seeding rates may be needed
 - On-average, short-stature corn requires higher optimum seeding rate as compared to full-stature hybrids
- Research trials will be repeated in 2024

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Short-stature Corn Response to Row Spacing and Plant Population



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Research Trial Details:

Row Spacing:

- 20 inch and 30 inch rows

Corn Hybrid (Short-stature only):

- RT6203TVXZ
- RV6205TVXZ
- RW5419KTFZ

Corn Seeding Rate:

- 34K seeds/ac
- 42K seeds/ac
- 50K seeds/ac

Study Locations:

- West Lafayette, IN (ACRE)
- Wanatah, IN (PPAC)

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20 inch rows at V10



30 inch rows at V10



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Short-Stature Corn Yield Response to Row Spacing

Location	Row Spacing	Yield
	---- in ----	---- bu/ac ----
West Lafayette, IN	20	273.2 a*
	30	276.5 a
Wanatah, IN	20	258.6 a
	30	249.0 a

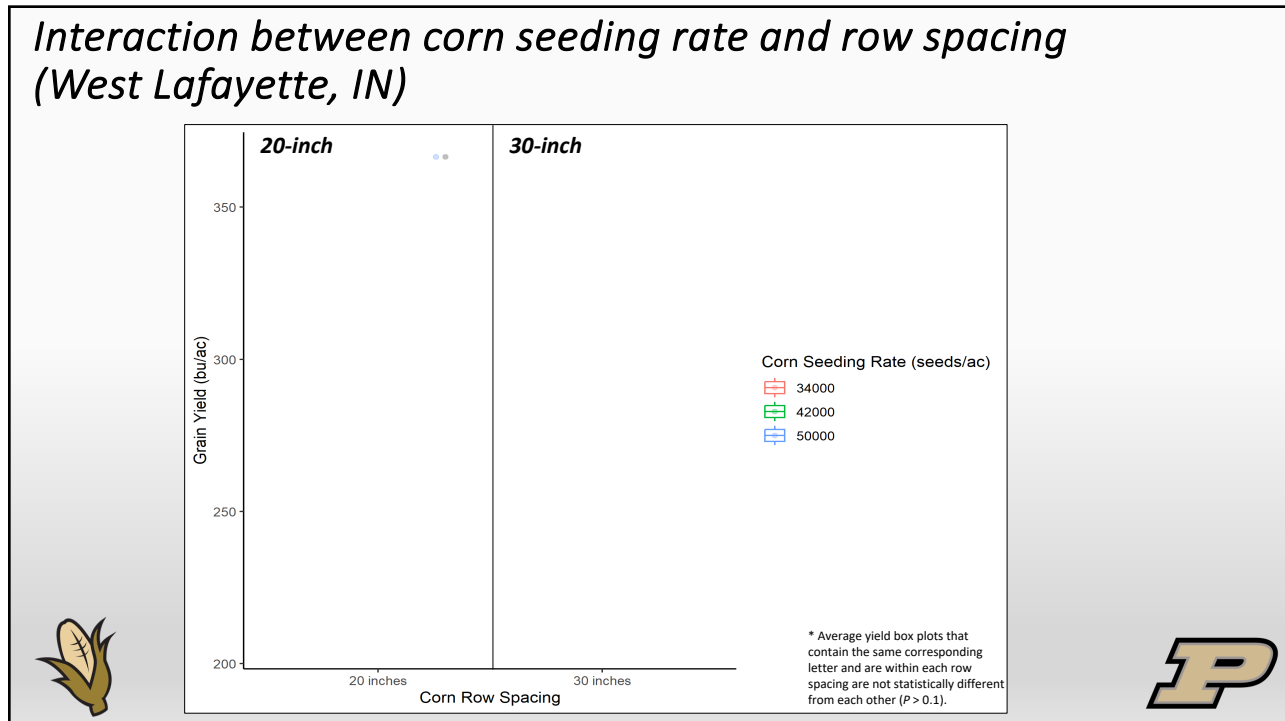


* Average corn grain yield values that contain the same corresponding letter and are within the same location are not statistically different from each other ($P > 0.1$).



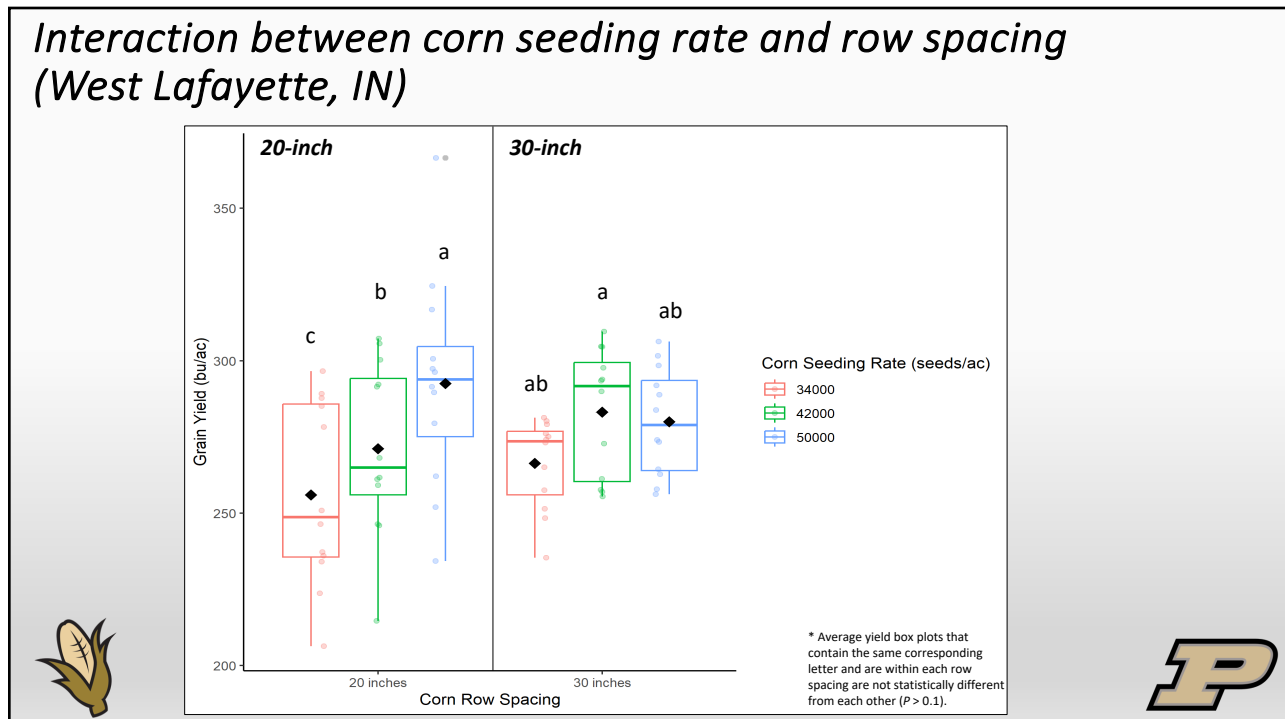
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Interaction between corn seeding rate and row spacing (West Lafayette, IN)



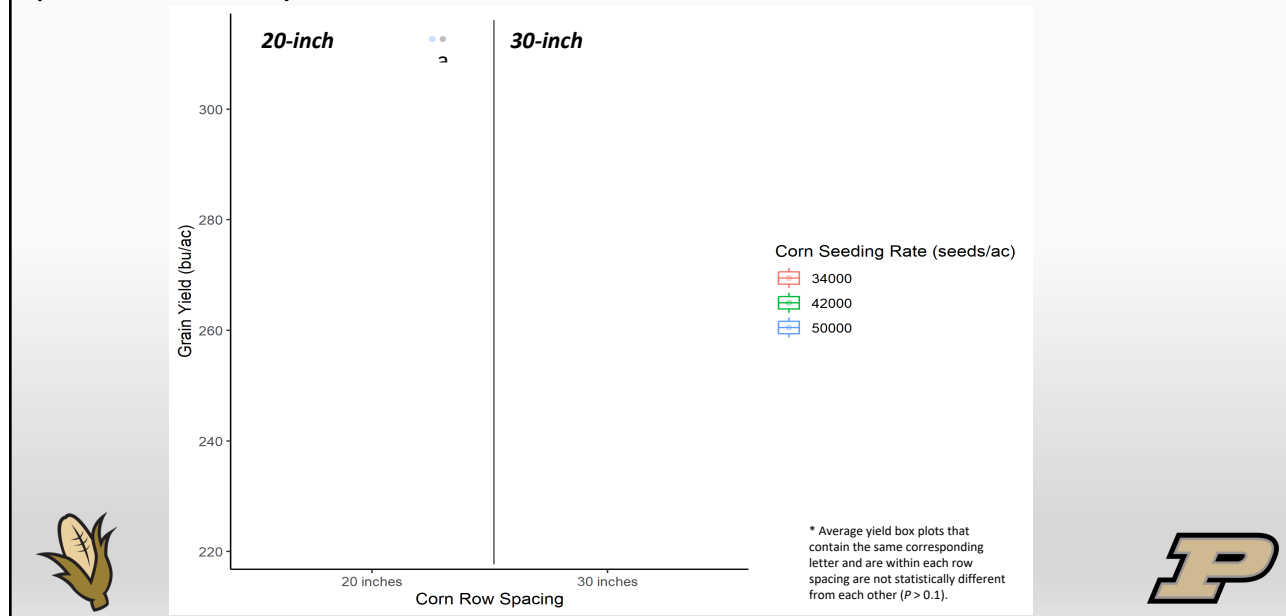
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Interaction between corn seeding rate and row spacing (West Lafayette, IN)



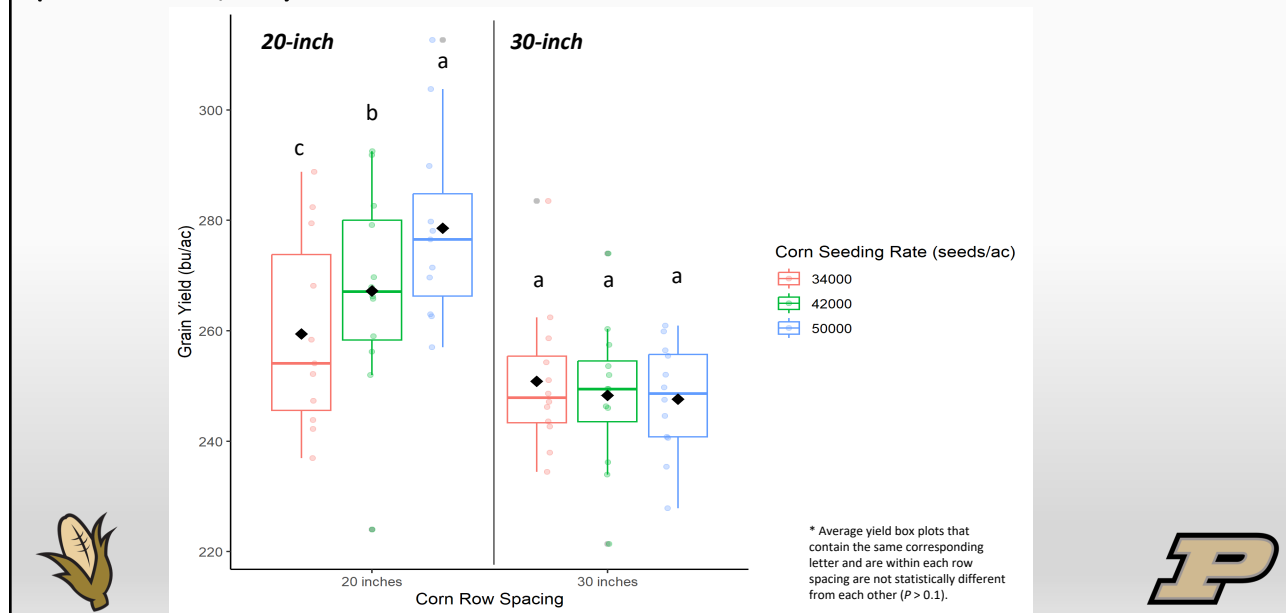
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Interaction between corn seeding rate and row spacing (Wanatah, IN)



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Interaction between corn seeding rate and row spacing (Wanatah, IN)



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Short-stature corn yield, ear height, and plant height response to hybrid type. West Lafayette, IN 2023

Hybrid	Yield	Ear Height (measured from shank attachment)	Plant Height (R3 growth stage)
	-- bu/ac --	-- inches --	-- inches --
RT6203TVXZ	294.1 a*	22.4 a	67.3 a
RV6205TVXZ	280.7 b	21.1 b	65.1 b
RW5419KTFZ	249.8 c	18.7 c	65.0 b

* Average corn grain yield and height values that contain the same corresponding letter and are within the same column are not statistically different from each other ($P > 0.1$).



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Short-stature corn yield, ear height, and plant height response to hybrid type. Wanatah, IN 2023

Hybrid	Yield	Ear Height (measured from shank attachment)	Plant Height (R3 growth stage)
	-- bu/ac --	-- inches --	-- inches --
RT6203TVXZ	243.7 b*	29.4 ab	66.7 c
RV6205TVXZ	251.5 b	31.4 a	80.1 a
RW5419KTFZ	266.1 a	27.3 b	72.5 b

* Average corn grain yield and height values that contain the same corresponding letter and are within the same column are not statistically different from each other ($P > 0.1$).



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2023 Rainfall

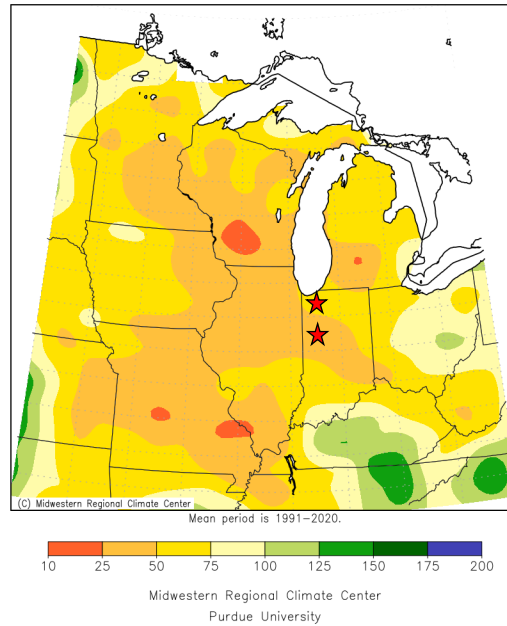
• June Precip Totals

• West Lafayette, IN – **0.96"**

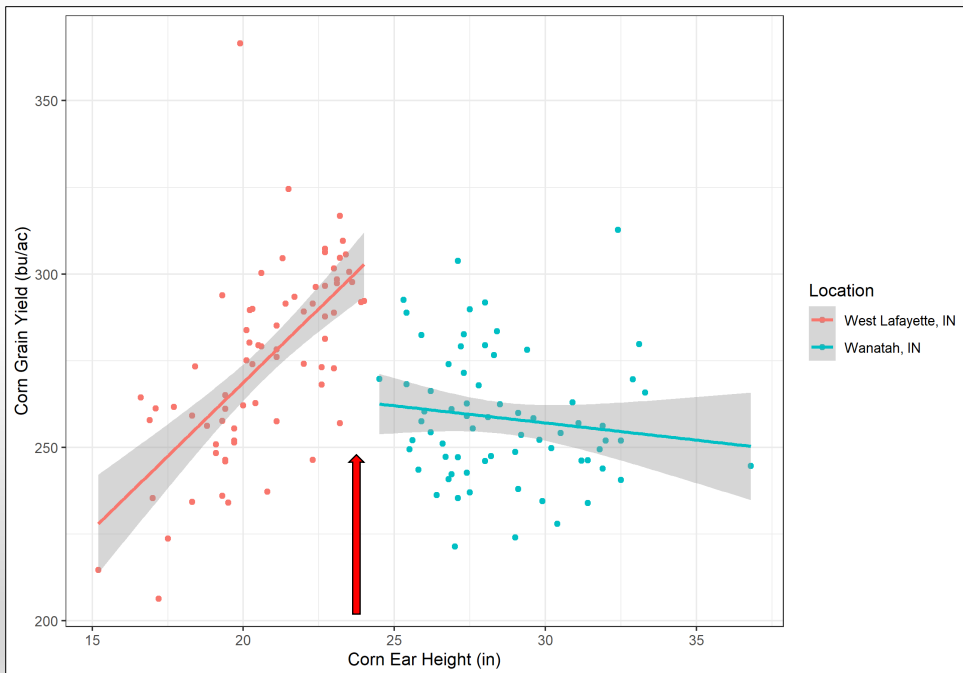
• Wanatah, IN – **3.39"**



Accumulated Precipitation: Percent of Mean
June 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023



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*Preliminary Conclusions (Hybrid x
Row Spacing x Seed Rate)*

- Short-stature hybrids have higher optimum seeding rates and yield potential in 20 inch rows
- Ear Height is KEY
 - Hybrid selection
 - Environment
 - Management Practice Influence



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*Short-stature Corn Response to Fungicide
Timing*



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Easier Access



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Short-stature corn response to fungicide timing (3 hybrids)

Fungicide Timing	Yield	Tar Spot Severity (R5)	Gray Leaf Spot Severity (R5)
	---- bu/ac ----	---- % ----	---- % ----
None	257.8 b*	12.1 a	8.1 a
R1	266.7 ab	1.2 b	3.9 b
R1 + R3	273.7 a	0.1 b	1.9 b

* Average corn grain yield and disease severity values that contain the same corresponding letter and are within the same column are not statistically different from each other ($P > 0.1$).



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2023 Preliminary Conclusions

- Full-stature hybrids out-yielded short-stature hybrids in 2023
 - One location, not always the case with other research trials
 - The potential for managing to comparable yields is there
- Corn optimum seeding rate differs with hybrid type and row spacing
- Ear height is KEY for short-stature hybrids
 - Hybrid selection
 - Environment
 - Management practice



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Questions?

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